BLACKWOOD, NEW JERSEY CAMDEN COUNTY



REPORT OF AUDIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022



39255

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 5 TOWNSHIP OF GLOUCESTER, NEW JERSEY

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FIRE DISTRICT NO. 5 TOWNSHIP OF GLOUCESTER, NEW JERSEY Roster of Officials and Surety Bonds

Board of Commissioners

Name	<u>Title</u>	Amount of <u>Surety Bond</u>
Barry Engelbert	Chairman & Personnel Director	(A)
Joseph DeRosa	Vice-Chairman, Treasurer & Co-Secretary	(A)
Christopher Rinaldi	Co-Secretary	(A)
Daryl Lloyd	Commissioner	(A)
John Moran	Commissioner	(A)
Other Officials		
Kay Harmon	Clerk (January 2022 - May 2022)	(A)
Cynthia Jeminey	Clerk (from May 2022)	(A)

(A) Municipal Excess Liability Joint Insurance Fund provides a blanket bond in the amount of \$1,000,000.00.

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 5 Township of Gloucester Sicklerville, New Jersey 08081

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Township of Gloucester Fire District No. 5, in the County of Camden, State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Fire District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Township of Gloucester Fire District No. 5, in the County of Camden, State of New Jersey, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Fire District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in note 1 to the financial statements, during the year ended December 31, 2022, the Fire District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Consistency of Financial Statements

Because of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, the Fire District has determined that certain disclosures of long-term liabilities relating to capital leases in the prior year are now disclosed as financed purchases (note 6). Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Fire District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fire District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Fire District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the Fire District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of the Fire District's pension contributions, schedule of the Fire District's proportionate share of the net opeb liability, and schedule of the Fire District's opeb contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Fire District's basic financial statements. The accompanying major fund supporting statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying major fund supporting statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 13, 2023 on our consideration of the Township of Gloucester Fire District No. 5's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township of Gloucester Fire District No. 5's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township of Gloucester Fire District No. 5's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

ouman : Compony LLP

BOWMAN & COMPANY LLP Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

Voorhees, New Jersey November 13, 2023



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 5 Township of Gloucester Sicklerville, New Jersey 08081

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial statement audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Township of Gloucester Fire District No. 5, in the County of Camden, State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Fire District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2023. Our report on the financial statements included an emphasis of matter paragraph describing the adoption of a new accounting principle and an additional paragraph on the consistency of financial statements resulting from the new accounting principle.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Township of Gloucester Fire District No. 5's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fire District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fire District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Recommendations,* as Finding No. 2022-001, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Township of Gloucester Fire District No. 5's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey.

The Township of Gloucester Fire District No. 5's Response to the Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Fire District's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Recommendations. The Fire District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

ouman : Compony LLP

BOWMAN & COMPANY LLP Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

Voorhees, New Jersey November 13, 2023

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART I

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

As management of the Township of Gloucester Fire District No. 5 (the "Fire District"), we offer readers of the Fire District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Fire District for the year ended December 31, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Fire District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the information furnished in the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Fire District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- The net position of the Fire District, which represents the difference between the summation of assets and deferred outflows of resources, and the summation of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, totaled a deficit of (\$1,306,389.03) at the close of the current year. At December 31, 2021, net position was a deficit of (\$1,500,835.60).
- At the end of the current year, fund balance in the general fund was \$1,174,490.83 of which \$93,000.00 is restricted for future capital outlays, \$211,416.00 is assigned designated for subsequent year's expenditures and \$870,074.83 is unassigned. This was an increase of \$24,494.09 over the general fund balance at December 31, 2021 of \$1,149,996.74. The increase was primarily attributable to monitoring expenses against the budget.
- Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation at December 31, 2022 was \$1,342,521.61. This was a decrease of \$108,227.43 over the balance at December 31, 2021 of \$1,450,749.04. This was primarily a result of 2022 depreciation on capital assets.

USING THIS REPORT OF AUDIT

This report of audit consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the Fire District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Fire District's finances. Fund financial statements for the governmental activities tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Fire District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Fire District's most significant funds.

Reporting the Fire District as a Whole

One of the most important questions asked about the Fire District's finances is, "Is the Fire District as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the Fire District as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question.

These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Fire District's net position and changes in it. You can think of the Fire District's net position - which represents the difference between the summation of assets and deferred outflows of resources, and the summation of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources - as one way to measure the Fire District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases *or* decreases in the Fire District's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Fire District's property tax base and the condition of the Fire District's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the Fire District.

(Unaudited)

USING THIS REPORT OF AUDIT (CONT'D)

Reporting the Fire District's Most Significant Funds

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the Fire District as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Fire District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Fire District are in one category: governmental funds. The Fire District has no proprietary funds or fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds - governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Fire District maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, special revenue fund, capital projects fund, and debt service fund, which are all considered to be major funds.

The Fire District adopts an annual budget for its general fund, debt service fund and when applicable, its special revenue fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Notes to the Financial Statements - the notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

USING THIS REPORT OF AUDIT (CONT'D)

THE FIRE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

During 2022, the Fire District's net position increased by \$194,446.57, increasing from (\$1,500,835.60) in 2021 to (\$1,306,389.03) in 2022. The following analysis focuses on the net position (Table A-1 and A-2) and changes in net position (Table A-3) for the Fire District's governmental activities.

TABLE A-1 <u>2022</u> <u>2021</u> Current and Other Assets \$ 1,231,881.79 \$ 1,154,730.39 **Capital Assets** 1,342,521.61 1,450,749.04 Total Assets 2,574,403.40 2,605,479.43 Deferred Outflow of Resources: Related to Pensions 447,901.00 282,316.00 Related to Other Postemployment Benefits 646,428.20 462,254.20 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 744,570.20 1,094,329.20 Long-term Liabilities Outstanding 3,532,562.57 3,115,476.67 Other Liabilities 332,830.06 256,483.56 **Total Liabilities** 3,865,392.63 3,371,960.23 Deferred Inflow of Resources: Related to Pensions 298,956.00 865,301.00 Related to Other Postemployment Benefits 810,773.00 613,624.00 Total Deferred Outflow of Resources 1,109,729.00 1,478,925.00 Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets 1,119,453.64 1,076,462.07 Restricted 93,000.00 93,000.00 Unrestricted (Deficit) (2,518,842.67)(2,670,297.67)Total Net Position (Deficit) \$(1,306,389.03) \$ (1,500,835.60)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

USING THIS REPORT OF AUDIT (CONT'D)

THE FIRE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

In total, assets decreased by (\$31,076.03). The overall cash position of the Fire District increased by \$77,151.40 from December 31, 2021 as a result of the 2022 operations in the governmental activities. Deferred outflows increased by (\$349,759.00) in total. This was as a result of an increase of \$165,585.00 from the Fire District's participation in various pension plans and an increase of \$184,174.00 from the Fire District's participation in other post-employment benefits. In addition, during 2022, capital assets (net) decreased by (\$108,227.43) from changes that included depreciation on the Fire District capital assets.

Overall liabilities increased by \$493,432.40. The main contributor to the decrease was from net pension liability and other postemployment benefits liability. See note 8 in the notes to the financial statements for details on the Fire District's participation in other postemployment benefits. The Fire District's participation in the pension plans and other postemployment benefits caused an increase of \$565,230.00 and a decrease of (\$15,003.00), respectively. The Fire District's bonded debt and financed purchases also decreased by (\$100,000.00) and (\$51,219.00), respectively. The Fire District's compensated absences also had a net increase of \$18,077.90.

Deferred inflows of resources decreased by (\$369,196.00) as a result of the Fire District's participation in various pension plans and for the Fire District's participation in other postemployment benefits.

A significant portion of the Fire District's total net position at the end of the current year reflects its net investment in capital assets (i.e., buildings, vehicles, etc.), which totaled \$1,119,453.64. This component represents capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and net of outstanding balances of borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. The Fire District uses these assets to provide firefighting services to the residents of the Fire District; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Fire District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional component of the Fire District's net position represents resources that are restricted, which totaled \$93,000.00. This amount is restricted for future capital outlays.

The third and final component of net position is unrestricted. This component represents resources and uses that do not meet the criteria of the aforementioned two components of net position. At the end of the current year, the Fire District's unrestricted net position was a deficit of (\$2,518,842.67). The primary reason for the deficit is the Fire District's participation in the various pension plans and for its participation in other post-employment benefits.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

USING THIS REPORT OF AUDIT (CONT'D)

THE FIRE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONT'D)

Table A-2 provides an illustration of the impact on Net Position of the Fire District's participation in the various pension plans and for its participation in other post-employment benefits.

TABLE A-2 Statement of Net Position - Effect of Pension Related Items

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021	<u>Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Deferred Outflow s Related to Pensions Less: Net Pension Liability Less: Deferred Inflow s Related to Pensions	\$ 447,901.00 (1,639,675.00) (298,956.00)	\$ 282,316.00 (1,074,445.00) (865,301.00)	\$ 165,585.00 (565,230.00) 566,345.00	58.65% 52.61% -65.45%
	\$ (1,490,730.00)	\$ (1,657,430.00)	\$ 166,700.00	45.81%

Statement of Net Position - Effect of Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Related Items

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021	<u>Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Deferred Outflow s Related to OPEB	\$ 646,428.2	20 \$ 462,254.20	\$ 184,174.00	39.84%
Less: Net OPEB Liability	(1,519,838.0	0) (1,534,841.00)	15,003.00	-0.98%
Less: Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	(810,773.0	0) (613,624.00)	(197,149.00)	32.13%
	\$ (1,684,182.8	30) \$ (1,686,210.80)	\$ 2,028.00	70.99%

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

USING THIS REPORT OF AUDIT (CONT'D)

THE FIRE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONT'D)

Table A-3 reflects changes in net position for the years 2022 and 2021.

TABLE A-3

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Expenses:		
Operating Appropriations:		
Administration	\$ 192,000.81	\$ 188,619.14
Cost of Operations and Maintenance	1,440,780.80	1,219,923.00
Operating Appropriations Offset with Revenues	20,666.55	24,561.62
Interest on Long-Term Debt	6,352.30	18,130.11
Total Program Expenses	1,659,800.46	1,451,233.87
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	18,693.00	19,006.00
Operating Grants and Contributions	28,864.00	27,302.00
Net Program Expenses	1,612,243.46	1,404,925.87
General Revenues		
Taxes:		
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes	1,609,507.89	1,570,152.17
Taxes Levied for debt Service	163,032.11	167,632.11
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	1,292.60	1,179.32
Miscellaneous Income	32,857.43	20,120.42
Total General Revenues	1,806,690.03	1,759,084.02
Change in Net Position	194,446.57	354,158.15
Net Position (Deficit), January 1	(1,500,835.60)	(1,854,993.75)
Net Position (Deficit), December 31	\$ (1,306,389.03)	\$ (1,500,835.60)

During 2022, the Fire District's total net program expenses increased by \$207,317.59, increasing from \$1,404,925.87 in 2021 to \$1,612,243.46 in 2022. The net increase in total expenses is mainly attributable to a net increase of expenses incurred in administration and cost of operations and maintenance of \$3,381.67 and \$220,857.80, respectively. There was a decrease of interest on long term debt (\$11,777.81), and a decrease for operating appropriations offset with revenues of (\$3,895.07). In addition, there was a net increase in charges for services and operating grants and contributions of \$1,249.00. Overall, the increase in expenses can be attributed to the increase in overall administrative employee wages and benefits.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

USING THIS REPORT OF AUDIT (CONT'D)

THE FIRE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONT'D)

During 2022, the Fire District's total general revenues increased by \$47,606.01, increasing from \$1,759,084.02 in 2021 to \$1,806,690.03 in 2022. The net increase in total revenues is largely attributable to an increase of \$39,355.72 for property taxes, an increase in unrestricted investment earnings of \$113.28, a decrease in taxes levied for debt service of (\$4,600.00) and an increase in miscellaneous income of \$12,737.01. Property taxes for general and debt service totaled \$1,772,540.00 and represent 95.59% of all revenues.

THE FIRE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

As stated previously, all of the Fire District's funds are governmental funds. At the close of the current year the Fire District reported a combined ending fund balance of \$1,174,490.83, which is \$24,494.09 more than the previous year's total of \$1,149,996.74. Of the aforementioned combined ending fund balance, unassigned fund balance existed in the amount of \$870,074.83. The remainder of fund balance is restricted or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been earmarked as follows: (1) restricted for future capital outlays \$93,000.00; or (2) assigned for subsequent year's expenditures \$211,416.00.

General Fund - The general fund is the general operating fund of the Fire District and is used to account for the inflows and outflows its of financial resources. The acquisition of certain capital assets, such as equipment, is accounted for in the general fund when it is responsible for the financing of such expenditures. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Fire District has an unassigned fund balance of \$870,074.83, a restricted fund balance of \$93,000.00 and a fund balance of \$211,416.00 assigned for subsequent year's expenditures.

During the current year, the fund balance of the Fire District's general fund increased by \$24,494.09. This resulted primarily from the retirement of two career firefighters.

Special Revenue Fund - The Fire District had no special revenue fund activity for the current year and no fund balance at December 31, 2022 or 2021.

Capital Projects Fund - The Fire District had no capital projects fund activity for the current year and no fund balance at December 31, 2022 or 2021.

Debt Service Fund - The debt service fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. For the current year, the Fire District expended \$100,000.00 and \$2,300.00 representing the payment of principal and interest on the Fire District's general obligation bonds and expended \$51,219.00 and \$9,513.11 representing the payment of principal and interest on the Fire District's general obligation bonds and expended \$51,219.00 and \$9,513.11 representing the payment of principal and interest on the Fire District's financed purchase. Revenue for the payment of debt service was \$163,032.11 from property taxes. There was no fund balance at December 31, 2022 or 2021.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

For the year 2022, the Fire District's budget, as approved by the voters, included a budgetary basis revenue estimate of \$1,644,406.60.

In the 2022 budget, the Fire District budgeted \$1,300.00 for interest earned on deposits, \$1,609,606.60 for property taxes (local tax levy), \$16,500.00 for various Uniform Fire Safety Act revenues and \$17,000.00 for other revenues.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

USING THIS REPORT OF AUDIT (CONT'D)

THE FIRE DISTRICT'S FUNDS (CONT'D)

General Fund Budgetary Highlights (Cont'd)

The final budgetary basis expenditure appropriation estimate, \$1,787,333.00, with various budget transfers made during 2022. In addition to the revenues stated previously, this budget was supported by the utilization of assigned fund balance in the amount of \$143,025.00.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Fire District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2022, was \$1,342,521.61 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes buildings and improvements, fire equipment and vehicles. Some of the vehicles and equipment owned by the Fire District have been fully depreciated over time so are not reflected in the balances for Table A-4 below.

TABLE A-4 CAPITAL ASSETS (NET OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION)

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 933,560.02	\$ 975,955.88
Fire Equipment	30,896.67	7,246.94
Vehicles	378,064.92	467,546.22
Total	\$ 1,342,521.61	\$ 1,450,749.04

Additional information on the Fire District's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-term Debt

General Obligation Bonds. At the end of the current year, the Fire District had no general obligation bonds outstanding, a decrease of \$100,000.00 from last year.

Financed Purchases. At the end of the current year, the Fire District had \$223,067.97 outstanding for a financed purchase established during 2016. The balance represents the original financed purchase at \$505,085.00 offset by the 2017-2022 annual payments of principal of \$282,017.03.

Compensated Absences. In accordance with the labor agreement, the Fire District recognized a liability for compensated absences at December 31, 2022 in the amount of \$149,981.60, a net increase of \$18,077.90 from the prior year. This liability represents the Fire District's contractual obligation to compensate employees for accumulated unused sick leave, vacations, personal and other compensated time.

Net Pension Liability. The Fire District's annual required contribution to the pension systems are budgeted and paid on an annual basis. For additional details on the net pension liability, see the notes to the financial statements, note 7.

Other Post-Employment Benefits – The Fire District's annual required contribution to other post-employment benefits are budgeted and paid on an annual basis. For additional details on the net other post-employment benefits liability, see the notes to the financial statements, note 8.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

For the 2022 year, the Fire District was able to sustain its budget through the township tax levy, state aid, and miscellaneous revenue sources. The 2023 budget was adopted on January 24, 2023 by the Commissioners, and the voters subsequently approved the budget at the annual fire district election held on February 18, 2023.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Fire District's finances for all those with an interest in the Fire District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Cynthia Jeminey, Administrative Clerk, at Gloucester Township Fire District No. 5. 1781 Sicklerville Road, Sicklerville, NJ 08081.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

ASSETS:

Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable (Note 4) Capital Assets, net (Note 5) Total Assets	\$ 1,226,581.79 5,300.00 1,342,521.61 2,574,403.40
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Related to Pensions (Note 7) Related to Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Note 8)	447,901.00 646,428.20
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,094,329.20
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts Payable: Other Pensions Accrued Liabilities: Interest Payable Pensions Noncurrent Liabilities (Note 6): Due within One Year Due beyond One Year Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Related to Pensions (Note 7) Pendated to Other Pentament Penefits (OPER) (Note 8)	57,390.96 178,468.00 7,737.10 89,234.00 58,131.07 3,474,431.50 3,865,392.63 298,956.00 810,773.00
Related to Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Note 8)	810,773.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,109,729.00
NET POSITION:	4 440 452 64
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for: Future Capital Outlays Unrestricted (Deficit)	1,119,453.64 93,000.00 (2,518,842.67)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (1,306,389.03)

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Expenses: Operating Appropriations: Administration Cost of Operations and Maintenance Operating Appropriations Offset with Revenues Interest on Long-Term Debt	\$ 192,000.81 1,440,780.80 20,666.55 6,352.30
Total Program Expenses	1,659,800.46
Program Revenues: Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions	18,693.00 28,864.00
Net Program Expenses	1,612,243.46
General Revenues: Taxes: Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes Taxes Levied for Debt Service Unrestricted Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Income	1,609,507.89 163,032.11 1,292.60 32,857.43
Total General Revenues	1,806,690.03
Change in Net Position	194,446.57
Net Position, January 1 (Deficit)	(1,500,835.60)
Net Position, December 31 (Deficit)	\$ (1,306,389.03)

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWNSHIP OF GLOUCESTER FIRE DISTRICT NO. 5 Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

	General <u>Fund</u>	Special Revenue <u>Fund</u>	Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable Other	\$ 1,226,581.79 5,300.00				\$ 1,226,581.79 5,300.00
	\$ 1,231,881.79	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,231,881.79
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:					
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Payroll Deductions Payable	\$ 42,433.71 14,957.25		_		\$ 42,433.71 14,957.25
Total Liabilities	57,390.96				57,390.96
Fund Balances: Restricted:					
For Future Capital Outlays Assigned:	93,000.00				93,000.00
Designated For Subsequent Year's Expenditures Unassigned	211,416.00 870,074.83				211,416.00 870,074.83
Total Fund Balances	1,174,490.83				1,174,490.83
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,231,881.79	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	_

(Continued)

TOWNSHIP OF GLOUCESTER FIRE DISTRICT NO. 5 Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$3,692,351.09, and the accumulated depreciation is \$2,349,829.48	\$	1,342,521.61
Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions and other post employment benefits represent the consumption and acquisition, respectively, of resources that relate to future periods; therefore such amounts are not reported in the fund financial statements.		(15,399.80)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses related to pensions are not liquidated with current financial resources; therefore, such amounts are not recorded in the fund financial statements.		(267,702.00)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported as liabilities in the funds.		(7,737.10)
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, pension liability, financed purchases, and postemployment benefits payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	((3,532,562.57)
Net position (Deficit) of governmental activities	\$ ((1,306,389.03)

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	General <u>Fund</u>	Special Revenue <u>Fund</u>	Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES:					
Miscellaneous Anticipated Revenues Miscellaneous Revenues Offset with Appropriations Amount to be Raised by Taxation	\$ 15,681.12 18,693.00				\$ 15,681.12 18,693.00
to Support the District Budget Non-Budgetary Revenues	1,609,507.89 18,468.91			\$ 163,032.11	1,772,540.00 18,468.91
Total Revenues	1,662,350.92			163,032.11	1,825,383.03
EXPENDITURES:					
Operating Appropriations: Administration Cost of Operations and Maintenance Operating Appropriations Offset with Revenues Capital Appropriations Debt Service	220,920.81 1,371,855.47 20,666.55 24,414.00			163,032.11	220,920.81 1,371,855.47 20,666.55 24,414.00 163,032.11
Total Expenditures	1,637,856.83			163,032.11	1,800,888.94
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	24,494.09				24,494.09
Fund Balance, January 1	1,149,996.74				1,149,996.74
Fund Balance, December 31	\$ 1,174,490.83	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ 1,174,490.83

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds			\$ 24,494.09
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2) are different because:			
Revenue recognized from non-employer special funding situations with pension plans (long-term liability) is not recognized as revenue in the fund financial statements but is recognized as revenue from contributions in the statement of activities.			28,864.00
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the period.	¢	(122 641 42)	
Depreciation Expense Capital Outlay	\$	(132,641.43) 24,414.00	(108,227.43)
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and is not reported in the statement of activities.			151,219.00
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses, (e.g., compensated absences, pension, interest on debt, other postemployment benefits), are measured by the amounts incurred during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are reported in the amount of financial resources used (paid). When the earned amount exceeds the paid amount, the difference is reduction in the reconciliation (-); when the paid amount exceeds the earned amount, the difference is an addition			
to the reconciliation (+).			 98,096.91
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ 194,446.57

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Township of Gloucester Fire District No. 5 (the "Fire District") have been prepared to conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant of these policies.

Description of the Financial Reporting Entity

The Fire District is a political subdivision of the Township of - of Gloucester (the "Township"), Camden County, New Jersey. The Township is comprised of an area of approximately 23.26 square miles. It is bounded by the Boroughs of Runnemede and Magnolia to the north, the County of Gloucester to the west, the Township of Winslow to the south and the Boroughs of Somerdale, Stratford, Hi-Nella, Lindenwold, Pine Hill and Clementon on the east. As of the 2020 United States Census, the Township's population was 66,034. The Fire District was formed in 1978 through the adoption of a Township ordinance. A board of five commissioners oversees all operations of the Fire District. The length of each commissioner's term is three years following the vote held at the annual election.

Fire Districts are governed by N.J.S.A. 40A:14-70 et al. and are organized as a taxing authority charged with the responsibility of providing the resources necessary to provide firefighting services to the residents within its territorial location. The Fire District has one fire company within its jurisdiction, the Lambs Terrace Fire Company.

The primary criterion for including activities within the Fire District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, is the degree of oversight responsibility maintained by the Fire District. Oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The financial statements include all funds of the Fire District over which the Board of Commissioners exercises operating control.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Fire District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government. The Fire District's operations consist of governmental activities, which normally are supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The Fire District has no business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. If the Fire District had business-type activities, such activities would be reported separately from governmental activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. It is the policy of the Fire District to not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Property taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Cont'd)

In regards to the fund financial statements, the Fire District segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Fire District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a single column.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Property taxes (ad valorem) are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied, as under New Jersey State Statute, a municipality is required to remit to its fire district the entire balance of taxes in the amount certified, prior to the end of the fire district year. The Fire District records the entire approved tax levy as revenue (accrued) at the start of the year since the revenue is both measurable and available. The Fire District is entitled to receive moneys under the following established payment schedule: on or before April 1, an amount equaling 21.25% of all moneys assessed; on or before July 1, an amount equaling 22.5% of all moneys assessed; on or before October 1, an amount equaling 25% of all moneys assessed; and on or before December 31, an amount equaling the difference between the total of all moneys so assessed and the total amount of moneys previously paid over.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are deemed both available and measurable. Available means when revenues are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Fire District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty (60) days of the end of the current year. Measurable means that the amount of revenue can be determined. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, reimbursable-type grants, and interest associated with the current year are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current year. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Fire District.

The Fire District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund is the primary operating fund of the Fire District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The acquisition of certain capital assets, such as firefighting apparatus and equipment, is accounted for in the general fund when it is responsible for the financing of such expenditures.

Special Revenue Fund - The special revenue fund is used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Capital Projects Fund - The capital projects fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The financial resources are derived from temporary notes and general obligation bonds which are specifically authorized by the voters as a separate question on the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Cont'd)

The Fire District reports the following major governmental funds (cont'd):

Debt Service Fund - The debt service fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all property taxes.

Budgets / Budgetary Control

The Fire District must adopt an annual budget in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40A:14-78.1 et al. The fire commissioners must introduce and approve the annual budget not later than sixty days prior to the third Saturday in February. At introduction, the commissioners shall fix the time and place for a public hearing on the budget and must advertise the time and place at least ten days prior to the hearing in a newspaper having substantial circulation in the Fire District. The public hearing must not be held less than twenty-eight days after the date the budget was introduced. After the hearing has been held, the fire commissioners may, by majority vote, adopt the budget.

Amendments may be made to the Fire District budget in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40A:14-78.3. The budget may not be amended subsequent to its final adoption and approval, except for provisions allowed by N.J.S.A. 40A:14-78.5.

Subsequent to the adoption of the Fire District budget, the amount of money to be raised by taxation in support of the Fire District budget must appear on the ballot for the annual election held on the third Saturday in February for approval of the legal voters.

Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

The accounting records of the special revenue fund are maintained on the budgetary basis. The budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that the budgetary basis recognizes encumbrances as expenditures and also recognizes the related revenues, whereas the GAAP basis does not. Sufficient supplemental records are maintained to allow for the presentation of GAAP basis financial reports.

The budget, as detailed on exhibit C-1 and exhibit I-3, includes all amendments and modifications to the adopted budget as approved by the Board of Commissioners.

Exhibit C-3 presents a reconciliation of the general fund revenues and special revenue fund revenues and expenditures from the budgetary basis of accounting as presented in the general fund budgetary comparison schedule and the special revenue fund budgetary comparison schedule, to the GAAP basis of accounting as presented in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds. Note that the Fire District does not report encumbrances outstanding at year end as expenditures in the general fund since the general fund budget follows modified accrual basis of accounting.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded to assign a portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized for budgetary control purposes. Encumbrances are a component of fund balance at year-end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities, but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Open encumbrances in the governmental funds, other than the special revenue fund, which have not been previously restricted, committed, or assigned, should be included within committed or assigned fund balance, as appropriate.

Open encumbrances in the special revenue fund, however, for which the Fire District has received advances of grant awards, are reflected on the balance sheet as unearned revenues at year-end.

The encumbered appropriation authority carries over into the next year. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next year to increase the appropriation reflected in the adopted budget by the outstanding encumbrance amount as of the current year end.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents, for all funds, include petty cash, change funds, cash in banks and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and are stated at cost plus accrued interest. Certificates of deposit with maturities of one year or less when purchased are stated at cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

New Jersey fire districts are limited as to the types of investments and types of financial institutions they may invest in. N.J.S.A. 40A:5-15.1 provides a list of permissible investments that may be purchased by New Jersey fire districts.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. establishes the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"), a multiple financial institutional collateral pool, which was enacted in 1970 to protect governmental units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. Public depositories include State or federally chartered banks, savings banks or associations located in or having a branch office in the State of New Jersey, the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of governmental units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the amount of their deposits to the governmental units.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market. The costs are determined on a first-in, firstout method.

The cost of inventories in the governmental fund financial statements is recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

Inventories recorded on the government-wide financial statements are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. The Fire District did not have any significant inventory as of December 31, 2022.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses recorded on the government-wide financial statements represent payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2022. The Fire District had no prepaid expenses as of December 31, 2022.

Short-Term Interfund Receivables / Payables

Short-term interfund receivables / payables (internal balances) represent amounts that are owed, other than charges for goods or services rendered to / from a particular fund within the Fire District, and that are due within one year. Such balances are eliminated in the statement of net position to minimize the grossing up of internal balances.

Capital Assets

Capital assets represent the cumulative amount of capital assets used by the Fire District. Purchased capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements and are capitalized at cost on the government-wide statement of net position. Intangible right to use assets (lease assets) are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements. Lease assets are measured on the government-wide statement of net position at the amount of the initial measurement of the related lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. In the case of gifts or contributions, such capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the time received.

The Fire District's capitalization threshold is \$5,000.00. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Amortization on lease assets and depreciation on other capital assets is computed using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease term or the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	30 Years
Fire Equipment	5 Years
Vehicles	5 - 10 Years

The Fire District does not possess any infrastructure assets.

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position reports separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, reported after total assets, represents a reduction of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) at that time. Deferred inflows of resources, reported after total liabilities, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) at that time.

Transactions are classified as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources only when specifically prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standards. The Fire District is required to report the following as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources: defined benefit pension plans and postemployment benefit plans.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied and is recorded as a liability until the revenue is both measurable and the Fire District is eligible to realize the revenue.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are payments to employees for accumulated time such as paid vacation, paid holidays, sick pay, and sabbatical leave. A liability for compensated absences that is attributable to services already rendered, and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the Fire District and its employees, is accrued as the employees earn the rights to the benefits. Compensated absences that relate to future services, or that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the Fire District and its employees, are accounted for in the period in which such services are rendered or in which such events take place.

The Fire District uses the vesting method to calculate the compensated absences amount. The entire compensated absence liability, including the employer's share of applicable taxes, is reported on the government-wide financial statements. The current portion is the amount estimated to be used in the following year. Expenditures are recognized in the governmental funds as payments come due each period, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences not recorded at the fund level represent a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentations.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner, and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits, and contractually required pension and length of service awards program contributions that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are normally expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between the summation of assets and deferred outflows of resources, and the summation of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is classified into the following three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This component represents capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation or amortization of intangible capital assets, net of outstanding balances of borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted - Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Fire District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted - Net position is reported as unrestricted when it does not meet the criteria of the other two components of net position.

The Fire District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Fund Balance

The Fire District reports fund balance in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Fire District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The Fire District's classifications, and policies for determining such classifications, are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, such as inventories and prepaid amounts.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes. Such restrictions, or constraints, are placed on the use of resources either by being (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Fire District's highest level of decision-making authority, which, for the Fire District, is the Board of Fire Commissioners. Such formal action consists of an affirmative vote by the Board of Fire Commissioners, memorialized by the adoption of a resolution. Once committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Fire Commissioners removes, or changes, the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Fire District's *intent* to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. *Intent* is expressed by either the Board of Fire Commissioners.

Unassigned - The unassigned fund balance classification is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, it is the policy of the Fire District to spend restricted fund balances first. Moreover, when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used, it is the policy of the Fire District to spend fund balances, if appropriate, in the following order: committed, assigned, and then unassigned.

Interfund Activity

Interfund receivables and payables that arise from transactions between funds are recorded by all funds affected by such transactions in the period in which the transaction is executed. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources / uses in governmental funds. Reimbursements from funds responsible for particular expenditures / expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Principles

Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

The Fire District implemented the following GASB Statement for the year ended December 31, 2022:

Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lesse is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

Because of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, the Fire District has determined that lease agreements in the prior year formerly reported and / or disclosed have now been reported and disclosed in accordance with the Statement (note 6).

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following statements that have effective dates that may affect future financial presentations:

Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset, an intangible asset, and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The Statement will become effective for the Fire District's year ending December 31, 2023. Management is currently evaluating whether or not this Statement will have an impact on the basic financial statements of the Fire District.

Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The Statement will become effective for the Fire District in the year ending December 31, 2024. Management is currently evaluating whether or not this Statement will have an impact on the basic financial statements of the Fire District.

Note 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

<u>Custodial Credit Risk Related to Deposits</u> - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Fire District's deposits might not be recovered. Although the Fire District does not have a formal policy regarding custodial credit risk, N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. requires that governmental units shall deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). Under the Act, the first \$250,000.00 of governmental deposits in each insured depository is protected by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). Public funds owned by the Fire District in excess of FDIC insured amounts are protected by GUDPA. However, GUDPA does not protect intermingled agency funds such as salary withholdings or funds that may pass to the Fire District relative to the happening of a future condition. Such funds are classified as uninsured and uncollateralized. As of December 31, 2022, the Fire District's bank balances of \$1,268,688.92 were fully insured by FDIC or GUDPA.

Note 3: PROPERTY TAX LEVIES

The following is a tabulation of the Fire District's assessed valuations, tax levies, and property tax rates per \$100.00 of assessed valuations for the current and preceding four years:

Assessed Year Valuation				Total <u>Tax Levy</u>		Fax R <u>ate</u>
2022	\$	796,956,100.00	9	\$ 1,772,540.00	\$.223
2021		796,943,600.00		1,737,784.28		.219
2020		791,272,900.00		1,703,710.00		.216
2019		785,195,000.00		1,670,304.00		.213
2018		777,391,500.00		1,637,553.00		.211

Note 4: ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at December 31, 2022 consisted of amounts owed from retirees for contributions to their healthcare premiums per their contract. All receivables are considered collectible.

Accounts receivable as of year-end for the Fire District's individual major funds, in the aggregate, is as follows:

		Gove		_						
	(General <u>Fund</u>	Rev	ecial venue und	Pro	pital jects und	Se	ebt rvice und		Total vernmental Activities
Accounts Receivable- Other	\$	5,300.00	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,300.00

Note 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 is as follows:

	Balance <u>Jan. 1, 2022</u>	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance <u>Dec. 31, 2022</u>
Capital Assets that are being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements Fire Equipment Vehicles	\$ 1,701,735.53 183,801.56 1,782,400.00	\$ 24,414.00		\$ 1,701,735.53 208,215.56 1,782,400.00
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	3,667,937.09	24,414.00		3,692,351.09
Total Capital Assets, Cost	3,667,937.09	24,414.00		3,692,351.09
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Fire Equipment Vehicles	(725,779.65) (176,554.62) (1,314,853.78)	(42,395.86) (764.27) (89,481.30)		(768,175.51) (177,318.89) (1,404,335.08)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(2,217,188.05)	(132,641.43) *		(2,349,829.48)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	1,450,749.04	(108,227.43)		1,342,521.61
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,450,749.04	\$ (108,227.43)	\$ -	\$ 1,342,521.61

* Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions / programs of the Fire District as follows:

Cost of Operations and Maintenance

\$ 132,641.43

Note 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the following changes occurred in long-term obligations for governmental activities:

	Balance <u>Jan. 1, 2022</u>	Additions	Deductions	Balance <u>Dec. 31, 2022</u>	Due within <u>One Year</u>
Bonds Payable: General Obligation Bonds	\$ 100,000.00		\$ (100,000.00)		
Total Bonds Payable	100,000.00		(100,000.00)		
Other Liabilities:					
Financed Purchases	274,286.97		(51,219.00)	\$ 223,067.97	\$ 52,995.05
Compensated Absences	131,903.70	\$ 18,077.90		149,981.60	5,136.02
Net Pension Liability	1,074,445.00	1,245,483.00	(680,253.00)	1,639,675.00	
Other Postemployment Benefits	1,534,841.00	1,276,312.00	(1,291,315.00)	1,519,838.00	
Total Other Liabilities	3,015,476.67	2,539,872.90	(2,022,787.00)	3,532,562.57	58,131.07
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 3,115,476.67	\$ 2,539,872.90	\$ (2,122,787.00)	\$ 3,532,562.57	\$ 58,131.07

Note 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u> - Bonds and loans are authorized in accordance with State law by the voters of the Fire District through referendums. All bonds are retired in serial installments within the statutory period of usefulness. All bonds issued by the Fire District are to be paid from property taxes. The Fire District budgets for the liquidation of its general obligation bonds in the debt service fund.

On April 26, 2007, the Fire District issued \$1,200,000.00 of general obligation bonds at an interest rate of 4.60% for various construction and renovation projects. The final maturity of these bonds was April 15, 2022.

Bonds Authorized but not Issued - As of December 31, 2022, the Fire District had no authorizations to issue additional debt.

<u>Financed Purchases</u> - The Fire District's payments on financed purchases are budgeted and paid from the general fund on an annual basis.

As of December 31, 2022, the Fire District is financing a Pierce Ascendant 107' Ladder Truck for \$505,085.00 after a down payment of \$300,000.00 made in 2016. The financed purchase is for a term of ten (10) years, with the final payment on January 15, 2026, at an interest rate of 3.50%.

The following is a schedule of the remaining future minimum payments under the financed purchase, and the present value of the net minimum payments at December 31, 2022:

Year Ending <u>Dec. 31,</u>	Principal		<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>			
2023	\$	52,995.05	\$ 7,737.06	\$	60,732.11		
2024		54,833.18	5,898.93		60,732.11		
2025		56,735.02	3,997.09		60,732.11		
2026		58,504.72	2,228.39		60,733.11		
Total	\$	223,067.97	\$ 19,861.47	\$	242,929.44		

Financed purchases are depreciated in a manner consistent with the Fire District's deprecation policy for owned assets.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. Refer to note 11 for a description of the Fire District's policy.

<u>Net Pension Liability</u> - For details on the net pension liability, refer to note 7. The Fire District's annual required contribution to the length of service awards program is budgeted and paid from the general fund on an annual basis.

Postemployment Benefits - For details on postemployment benefits, refer to note 8. The Fire District's required contribution to the postemployment benefits plan are budgeted and paid from the general fund.

Note 7: PENSION PLANS

A substantial number of the Fire District's employees participate in one of the following defined benefit pension plans: the Public Employees' Retirement System ("PERS") and the Police and Firemen's Retirement System ("PFRS"), which are administered by the New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. In addition, certain Fire District employees may be eligible to participate in the Defined Contribution Retirement Program ("DCRP"), which is a defined contribution pension plan. This Plan is administered by Empower (formerly Prudential Financial) for the New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. Each Plan has a Board of Trustees that is primarily responsible for its administration. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about the PERS and PFRS plans' fiduciary net position which can be obtained by writing to or at the following website:

State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits P.O. Box 295 Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295 https://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/financial-reports.shtml

General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions

Public Employees' Retirement System - The Public Employees' Retirement System is a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, which was established as of January 1, 1955, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A. The PERS' designated purpose is to provide retirement, death, disability and medical benefits to certain qualified members. Membership in the PERS is mandatory for substantially all full-time employees of the Fire District, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state-administered retirement system or other state pensions fund or local jurisdiction's pension fund. The PERS' Board of Trustees is primarily responsible for the administration of the PERS.

Police and Firemen's Retirement System - The Police and Firemen's Retirement System is a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, which was established as of July 1, 1944, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:16A. The PFRS' designated purpose is to provide retirement, death, disability and medical benefits to certain qualified members. Membership in the PFRS is mandatory for substantially all full-time police and firemen of the Fire District. The PFRS' Board of Trustees is primarily responsible for the administration of the PFRS.

Defined Contribution Retirement Program - The Defined Contribution Retirement Program is a multiple-employer defined contribution pension fund established on July 1, 2007 under the provisions of P.L. 2007, c. 92 and P.L. 2007, c. 103, and expanded under the provisions of P.L. 2008, c. 89 and P.L. 2010, c. 1. The DCRP is a tax-qualified defined contribution money purchase pension plan under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) § 401(a) et seq., and is a "governmental plan" within the meaning of IRC § 414(d).

The DCRP provides retirement benefits for eligible employees and their beneficiaries. Individuals covered under DCRP are employees enrolled in PERS on or after July 1, 2007, who earn salary in excess of established "maximum compensation" limits; employees enrolled in New Jersey State Police Retirement System (SPRS) or the Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) after May 21, 2010, who earn salary in excess of established "maximum compensation" limits; employees otherwise eligible to enroll in PERS on or after November 2, 2008, who do not earn the minimum annual salary for tier 3 enrollment but who earn salary of at least \$5,000.00 annually; and employees otherwise eligible to enroll in PERS after May 21, 2010 who do not work the minimum number of hours per week required for tiers 4 or 5 enrollment, but who earn salary of at least \$5,000.00 annually.

Vesting and Benefit Provisions

Public Employees' Retirement System - The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service.

The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

Tier Definition

- 1 Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
- 2 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
- 3 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
- 4 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
- 5 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, tiers 3 and 4 with 25 years or more of service credit before age 62, and tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the age at which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

Police and Firemen's Retirement System - The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:16A. PFRS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after 10 years of service, except disability benefits, which vest after four years of service.

The following represents the membership tiers for PFRS:

Tier Definition

- 1 Members who were enrolled prior to May 22, 2010
- 2 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
- 3 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits are available at age 55 and are generally determined to be 2% of final compensation for each year of creditable service up to 30 years plus 1% for each year of service in excess of 30 years. Members may seek special retirement after achieving 25 years of creditable service, in which benefits would equal 65% (tiers 1 and 2 members) and 60% (tier 3 members) of final compensation plus 1% for each year of creditable service over 25 years but not to exceed 30 years. Members may elect deferred retirement benefits after achieving ten years of service, in which case benefits would begin at age 55 equal to 2% of final compensation for each year of service.

General Information about the Pension Plans (Cont'd)

Vesting and Benefit Provisions (Cont'd)

Defined Contribution Retirement Program - Eligible members are provided with a defined contribution retirement plan intended to qualify for favorable Federal income tax treatment under IRC Section 401(a), a noncontributory group life insurance plan and a noncontributory group disability benefit plan. A participant's interest in that portion of his or her defined contribution retirement plan account attributable to employee contributions shall immediately become and shall at all times remain fully vested and non-forfeitable. A participant's interest in that portion of his or her defined contribution retirement plan account attributable to employer contributions shall be vested and non-forfeitable on the date the participant commences the second year of employment or upon his or her attainment of age 65, while employed by an employer, whichever occurs first.

Contributions

Public Employees' Retirement System - The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Pursuant to the provisions of P.L. 2011, C. 78, the member contribution rate is currently 7.50% of base salary, effective July 1, 2018. The rate for members who are eligible for the Prosecutors Part of PERS (P.L. 2001, C. 366) is 10.0%. Employers' contributions are based on an actuarially determined amount, which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability.

Special Funding Situation Component - Under N.J.S.A. 43:15A, local participating employers are responsible for their own contributions based on actuarially determined amounts, except where legislation was passed which legally obligated the State if certain circumstances occurred. One of such legislations, which legally obligate the State, is Chapter 133, P.L. 2001. This legislation increased the accrual rate from 1/60 to 1/55. In addition, it lowered the age required for a veteran benefit equal to 1/55 of highest 12-month compensation for each year of service from 60 to 55. Chapter 133, P.L. 2001 also established the Benefit Enhancement Fund (BEF) to fund the additional annual employer normal contribution due to the State's increased benefits. If the assets in the BEF are insufficient to cover the normal contribution for the increased benefits for a valuation period, the State will pay such amount for both the State and local employers.

The Fire District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended December 31, 2022 was 15.08% of the Fire District's covered payroll. This amount was actuarially determined as the amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, including an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Based on the most recent PERS measurement date of June 30, 2022, the Fire District's contractually required contribution to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2022 is \$21,778.00, and is payable by April 1, 2023. For the prior year measurement date of June 30, 2021, the Fire District's contractually required contribution to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2021 was \$20,049.00, which was paid on April 1, 2022.

Employee contributions to the Plan for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$10,833.25.

The amount of contractually required contribution for the State of New Jersey's proportionate share, associated with the Fire District, under Chapter 133, P.L. 2001, for the year ended December 31, 2022 was .38% of the Fire District's covered payroll.

Based on the most recent PERS measurement date of June 30, 2022, the State's contractually required contribution, under Chapter 133, P.L. 2001, on-behalf of the Fire District, to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$548.00, and is payable by April 1, 2023.

General Information about the Pension Plans (Cont'd)

Contributions (Cont'd)

Police and Firemen's Retirement System - The contribution policy for PFRS is set by N.J.S.A 43:16A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Pursuant to the provisions of P.L. 2011, C. 78, the member contribution rate is currently 10.0% of base salary. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's contribution amount is based on an actuarially determined rate, which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability.

Special Funding Situation Component - Under N.J.S.A. 43:16A-15, local participating employers are responsible for their own contributions based on actuarially determined amounts, except where legislation was passed which legally obligated the State if certain circumstances occurred. The legislation, which legally obligates the State, is as follows: Chapter 8, P.L. 2000, Chapter 318, P.L. 2001, Chapter 86, P.L. 2001, Chapter 511, P.L. 1991, Chapter 109, P.L. 1979, Chapter 247, P.L. 1993 and Chapter 201, P.L. 2001. The amounts contributed on behalf of the local participating employers under this legislation is considered to be a *special funding situation* as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity. Since the local participating employers do not contribute under this legislation directly to the Plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to disclose in the notes to the financial statements of the local participating employers related to this legislation.

The Fire District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended December 31, 2022 was 59.80% of the Fire District's covered payroll. This amount was actuarially determined as the amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Based on the most recent PFRS measurement date of June 30, 2022, the Fire District's contractually required contribution to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2022 is \$156,690.00, and is payable by April 1, 2023. For the prior year measurement date of June 30, 2021, the Fire District's contractually required contribution to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2021 was \$138,985.00, which was paid on April 1, 2022. Employee contributions to the Plan for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$27,286.30.

The amount of contractually required contribution for the State of New Jersey's proportionate share, associated with the Fire District, for the year ended December 31, 2022 was 11.66% of the Fire District's covered payroll.

Based on the most recent PFRS measurement date of June 30, 2022, the State's contractually required contribution, on-behalf of the Fire District, to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$30,555.00, and is payable by April 1, 2023. For the prior year measurement date of June 30, 2021, the State's contractually required contribution, on-behalf of the Fire District, to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2021 was \$21,296.00, which was paid on April 1, 2022.

Defined Contribution Retirement Program - The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15C-3 and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. In accordance with Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007, Plan members are required to contribute 5.5% of their annual covered salary. In addition to the employee contributions, the Fire District contributes 3% of the employees' base salary, for each pay period.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Fire District had no employees participating in this plan.

Pension Liabilities, Pension (Benefit) Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Public Employees' Retirement System

Pension Liability - As of December 31, 2022, there is no net pension liability associated with the special funding situation under Chapter 133, P.L. 2001, as there was no accumulated difference between the annual additional normal cost and the actual State contribution through the valuation date. The Fire District's proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability was \$260,624.00. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The total pension liability was calculated through the use of updated procedures to roll forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The Fire District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Fire District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. For the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the Fire District's proportion was .0017269763%, which was a increase of .0000150198% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

Pension (Benefit) Expense - For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Fire District's proportionate share of the PERS pension (benefit) expense, calculated by the Plan as of the June 30, 2022 measurement date, was (\$8,871.00).

Police and Firemen's Retirement System

Pension Liability - As of December 31, 2022, the Fire District's and State of New Jersey's proportionate share of the PFRS net pension liability were as follows:

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,379,051.00
State of New Jersey's Proportionate Share of Net Pension	0.45 404 00
Liability Associated with the Employer	 245,431.00
	\$ 1,624,482.00

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The total pension liability was calculated through the use of updated procedures to roll forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The Fire District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Fire District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers and the State of New Jersey, actuarially determined. For the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the Fire District's proportion was .0120479500%, which was an increase of .0001226599% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021. Likewise, as of June 30, 2022 the State of New Jersey's proportion, on-behalf of the Fire District, measured as of June 30, 2021.

Pension (Benefit) Expense - For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Fire District's proportionate share of the PFRS pension (benefit) expense, calculated by the Plan as of the June 30, 2022 measurement date, was \$30,386.00.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the State's proportionate share of the PFRS pension (benefit) expense, associated with the Fire District, calculated by the Plan as of the June 30, 2022 measurement date, was \$28,316.00. This on-behalf expense has been recognized by the Fire District in the government-wide financial statements.

Pension Liabilities, Pension (Benefit) Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Cont'd)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources - As of December 31, 2022, the Fire District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources				Deferred Inflows of Resources					es	
		PERS		PFRS	<u>Total</u>		PERS		PFRS		<u>Total</u>
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	1,881.00	\$	62,420.00	\$ 64,301.00	\$	1,659.00	\$	84,486.00	\$	86,145.00
Changes of Assumptions		807.00		3,779.00	4,586.00		39,026.00		173,595.00		212,621.00
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		10,787.00		126,281.00	137,068.00		-		-		-
Changes in Proportion and Differences between Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		31,308.00		121,404.00	152,712.00		-		190.00		190.00
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		10,889.00		78,345.00	 89,234.00		-		-		-
	\$	55,672.00	\$	392,229.00	\$ 447,901.00	\$	40,685.00	\$	258,271.00	\$	298,956.00

Deferred outflows of resources in the amounts of \$10,889.00 and \$78,345.00 for PERS and PFRS, respectively, will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability during the year ending December 31, 2023. These amounts were based on an estimated April 1, 2024 contractually required contribution, prorated from the pension plans' measurement date of June 30, 2022 to the Fire District's year end of December 31, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension (Benefit) Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Cont'd)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Cont'd) -

The Fire District will amortize the other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions over the following number of years:

	PE	RS	PFRS			
	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources</u>		
Differences between Expected						
and Actual Experience						
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:						
June 30, 2017	5.48	-	5.59	-		
June 30, 2018	-	5.63	5.73	-		
June 30, 2019	5.21	-	-	5.92		
June 30, 2020	5.16	-	5.90	-		
June 30, 2021	-	5.13	-	6.17		
June 30, 2022	-	5.04	6.22			
Changes of Assumptions						
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:						
June 30, 2017	-	5.48	-	5.59		
June 30, 2018	-	5.63	-	5.73		
June 30, 2019	-	5.21	-	5.92		
June 30, 2020	-	5.16	-	5.90		
June 30, 2021	5.13	-	6.17	-		
June 30, 2022	-	5.04		6.22		
Difference between Projected						
and Actual Earnings on Pension						
Plan Investments						
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:						
June 30, 2018	5.00	-	5.00	-		
June 30, 2019	5.00	-	5.00	-		
June 30, 2020	5.00	-	5.00	-		
June 30, 2021	5.00	-	5.00	-		
June 30, 2022	5.00	-	5.00	-		
Changes in Proportion						
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:						
June 30, 2017	5.48	5.48	5.59	5.59		
June 30, 2018	5.63	5.63	5.73	5.73		
June 30, 2019	5.21	5.21	5.92	5.92		
June 30, 2020	5.16	5.16	5.90	5.90		
June 30, 2021	5.13	5.13	6.17	6.17		
June 30, 2022	5.04	5.04	6.22	6.22		

Pension Liabilities, Pension (Benefit) Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Cont'd)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Cont'd) - Other amounts included as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future periods as follows:

Year Ending <u>Dec 31,</u>	<u>PERS</u>	<u>PFRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ (11,888.00)	\$ (30,667.00)	\$ (42,555.00)
2024	(1,806.00)	(5,943.00)	(7,749.00)
2025	3,949.00	(6,985.00)	(3,036.00)
2026	13,848.00	93,690.00	107,538.00
2027	(5.00)	4,049.00	4,044.00
Thereafter	 -	 1,469.00	 1,469.00
	\$ 4,098.00	\$ 55,613.00	\$ 59,711.00

Actuarial Assumptions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability, was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The total pension liability was calculated through the use of updated procedures to roll forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	PERS	PFRS
Inflation Rate:		
Price	2.75%	2.75%
Wage	3.25%	3.25%
Salary Increases:	2.75% - 6.55% Based on Years of Service	3.25% - 16.25% Based on Years of Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%	7.00%
Period of Actuarial Experience Study upon which Actuarial Assumptions were Based	July 1, 2018 - June 30, 2021	July 1, 2018 - June 30, 2021

Actuarial Assumptions (Cont'd)

Public Employees' Retirement System

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

Police and Firemen's Retirement System

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the PubS-2010 amount-weighted mortality table with a 105.6% adjustment for males and 102.5% adjustment for females. For healthy annuitants, mortality rates were based on the PubS-2010 amount-weighted mortality table with a 96.7% adjustment for males and 96.0% adjustment for females. Disability rates were based on the PubS-2010 amount-weighted mortality table with a 152.0% adjustment for males and 109.3% adjustment for females. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

For both PERS and PFRS, in accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2022) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension Plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS' and PFRS' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the table that follows:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	27.00%	8.12%
Non-US Developed Markets Equity	13.50%	8.38%
Emerging Market Equity	5.50%	10.33%
Private Equity	13.00%	11.80%
Real Estate	8.00%	11.19%
Real Assets	3.00%	7.60%
High Yield	4.00%	4.95%
Private Credit	8.00%	8.10%
Investment Grade Credit	7.00%	3.38%
Cash Equivalents	4.00%	1.75%
U.S. Treasuries	4.00%	1.75%
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	4.91%
	100.00%	

Actuarial Assumptions (Cont'd)

Discount Rate -

Public Employees' Retirement System - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from Plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the nonemployer contributing entity would be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Police and Firemen's Retirement System - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from Plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the nonemployer contributing entity will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - The following presents the Fire District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of the June 30, 2022 measurement date, calculated using a discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Fire District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rates used:

	1%		Current	1%	
	Decrease <u>(6.00%)</u>			Increase <u>(8.00%)</u>	
Proportionate Share of the					
Net Pension Liability	\$ 334,826.00	\$	260,624.00	\$ 197,476.00	

Sensitivity of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate (Cont'd)

Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) - As previously mentioned, PFRS has a special funding situation, where the State of New Jersey pays a portion of the Fire District's annual required contribution. As such, the net pension liability as of the June 30, 2022 measurement date for the Fire District and the State of New Jersey, calculated using a discount rate of 7.00%, as well as using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rates used, is as follows:

	1% Decrease <u>(6.00%)</u>		Current Discount Rate <u>(7.00%)</u>		1% Increase <u>(8.00%)</u>
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,892,207.00	\$	1,379,051.00	\$	951,846.00
State of New Jersey's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	336,757.00		245,431.00		169,401.00
	\$ 2,228,964.00	\$	1,624,482.00	\$	1,121,247.00

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension (benefit) expense, information about the respective fiduciary net position of the PERS and PFRS and additions to/deductions from PERS' and PFRS' respective fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS and PFRS. Accordingly, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 8: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS

General Information about the State Health Benefit Local Government Retired Employees Plan

Plan Description and Benefits Provided - The Fire District contributes to the State Health Benefits Local Government Retired Employees Plan (the "Plan"), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") plan with a special funding situation. It covers employees of local government employers that have adopted a resolution to participate in the Plan. The Plan meets the definition of an equivalent arrangement as defined in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for the Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (GASB Statement No. 75); therefore, assets are accumulated to pay associated benefits. For additional information about the Plan, please refer to the State of New Jersey (the "State"), Division of Pensions and Benefits' (the "Division") annual financial statements, which can be found at https://www.state.ni.us/treasurv/pensions/financial-reports.shtml.

<u>General Information about the State Health Benefit Local Government Retired Employees Plan</u> (Cont'd)

Plan Description and Benefits Provided (Cont'd) - The Plan provides medical and prescription drug to retirees and their covered dependents of the participating employers. Under the provisions of Chapter 88, P.L 1974 and Chapter 48, P.L. 1999, local government employers electing to provide postretirement medical coverage to their employees must file a resolution with the Division. Under Chapter 88, local employers elect to provide benefit coverage based on the eligibility rules and regulations promulgated by the State Health Benefits Commission. Chapter 48 allows local employers to establish their own age and service eligibility for employer paid health benefits coverage for retired employees. Under Chapter 48, the employer may assume the cost of postretirement medical coverage for employees and their dependents who: 1) retired on a disability pension; or 2) retired with 25 or more years of service credit in a State or locally administered retirement system and a period of service of up to 25 years with the employer at the time of retirement as established by the employer; or 3) retired and reached the age of 65 with 25 or more years of service credit in a State or locally administered retirement system and a period of service of up to 25 years with the employer at the time of retirement as established by the employer; or 4) retired and reached age 62 with at least 15 years of service with the employer. Further, the law provides that the employer paid obligations for retiree coverage may be determined by means of a collective negotiations agreement.

In accordance with Chapter 330, P.L. 1997, which is codified in N.J.S.A 52:14-17.32i, the State provides medical and prescription coverage to local police officers and firefighters, who retire with 25 years of service or on a disability from an employer who does not provide postretirement medical coverage. Local employers were required to file a resolution with the Division in order for their employees to qualify for State-paid retiree health benefits coverage under Chapter 330. The State also provides funding for retiree health benefits to survivors of local police officers and firefighters who die in the line of duty under Chapter 271, P.L.1989.

Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, future retirees eligible for postretirement medical coverage who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011 will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their health care coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 or more years of pension service credit. The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

Contributions - The funding policy for the OPEB plan is pay-as-you-go; therefore, there is no prefunding of the liability. However, due to premium rates being set prior to each calendar year, there is a minimal amount of net position available to cover benefits in future years. Contributions to pay for the health benefit premiums of participating employees in the OPEB plan are collected from the State of New Jersey, participating local employers, and retired members.

The Fire District was billed monthly by the Plan and paid \$127,094.40, for the year ended December 31, 2022, representing 31.27% of the Fire District's covered payroll. During the year ended December 31, 2022, retirees were required to contribute \$4,998.12 to the Plan.

OPEB Liability, OPEB (Benefit) Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

OPEB Liability - At December 31, 2022, the Fire District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability was \$1,519,838.00.

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022.

OPEB Liability, OPEB (Benefit) Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Cont'd)

OPEB Liability (Cont'd)- The Fire District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the ratio of the Plan members of an individual employer to the total members of the Plan's nonspecial funding situation during the measurement period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. For the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the Fire District's proportion was .009411%, which was an increase of .000837% from its proportion measured as of the June 30, 2021 measurement date, as adjusted.

OPEB (Benefit) Expense - At December 31, 2022, the Fire District's proportionate share of the OPEB (benefit) expense, calculated by the Plan as of the June 30, 2022 measurement date, is \$71,347.00.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources - At December 31, 2022, the Fire District had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Resources	of	Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 78,486.00	\$	281,713.00
Changes of Assumptions	202,829.00		518,692.00
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on OPEB			
Plan Investments	400.00		-
Changes in Proportion	301,166.00		10,368.00
Contributions Subsequent to			
the Measurement Date	 63,547.20		-
	\$ 646,428.20	\$	810,773.00

Deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$63,547.20 will be included as a reduction of the Fire District's net OPEB liability during the year ending December 31, 2023.

<u>OPEB Liability, OPEB (Benefit) Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> of Resources (Cont'd)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Cont'd) - The Fire District will amortize the above other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB liability over the following number of years:

	Deferred Outflows <u>of Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows <u>of Resources</u>		Deferred Outflows <u>of Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows <u>of Resources</u>
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience Year of OPEB Plan Deferral: June 30, 2018	_	8.14	Net Difference between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments Year of OPEB Plan Deferral:		
June 30, 2019	-	8.05	June 30, 2018	5.00	-
June 30, 2020	7.87	-	June 30, 2019	5.00	-
June 30, 2021	-	7.82	June 30, 2020	5.00	-
June 30, 2022	7.82	-	June 30, 2021 June 30, 2022	5.00 5.00	-
Changes of Assumptions Year of OPEB Plan Deferral:			Changes in Proportion Year of OPEB Plan Deferral:		
June 30, 2017	-	8.04	June 30, 2017	8.04	8.04
June 30, 2018	-	8.14	June 30, 2018	8.14	8.14
June 30, 2019	-	8.05	June 30, 2019	8.05	8.05
June 30, 2020	7.87	-	June 30, 2020	7.87	7.87
June 30, 2021	7.82	-	June 30, 2021	7.82	7.82
June 30, 2022	-	7.82	June 30, 2022	7.82	7.82

OPEB Liability, OPEB (Benefit) Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Cont'd)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Cont'd) - Other amounts included as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB liability will be recognized in future periods as follows:

\$ (80,772.00)
(80,893.00)
(58,438.00)
(869.00)
25,588.00
 (32,508.00)
\$ (227,892.00)
\$

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan in which the member is enrolled. The actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022, used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Salary Increases *

PERS - Rates for all future years	2.75% to 6.55% based on years of service
PFRS - Rates for all future years	3.25% to 16.25% based on years of service

Mortality:

PERS - Pub-2010 General classification headcount weighted mortality with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021

PFRS - Pub-2010 Safety classification headcount weighted mortality with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021

* salary increases are based on years of service within the respective Plan

Actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of the PFRS and PERS experience studies prepared for July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

100% of active members are considered to participate in the Plan upon retirement.

Actuarial Assumptions (Cont'd)

All of the Plan's investments are in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund (the "CMF"). The New Jersey Division of Investments manages the CMF, which is available on a voluntary basis for investment by State and certain non-State participants. The CMF is considered to be an investment trust fund as defined in GASB Statement No. 31, *Certain Investments and External Investment Pools*. The CMF invests in U.S. government and agency obligations, commercial paper, corporate obligations and certificates of deposit. Units of ownership in the CMF may be purchased or redeemed on any given business day (excluding State holidays) are the unit cost of value of \$1.00. Participant shares are valued on a fair value basis. The CMF pay interest to participants on a monthly basis.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was 3.54%. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the State. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. As the long-term rate of return is less than the municipal bond rate, it is not considered in the calculation of the discount rate, rather the discount rate is set at the municipal bond rate.

		ate of Increase		
Fiscal Year		Medical Tre	nd	Prescription Drug
Ending	<u> Pre-65</u>	PPO Post-65	HMO Post-65	Trend
2023	6.25%	-1.89%	-1.99%	8.00%
2024	6.00%	-6.00%	-6.15%	7.50%
2025	5.75%	6.99%	7.02%	7.00%
2026	5.50%	15.04%	15.18%	6.50%
2027	5.25%	13.00%	13.11%	6.00%
2028	5.00%	11.47%	11.56%	5.50%
2029	4.75%	10.27%	10.35%	5.00%
2030	4.50%	9.29%	9.35%	4.50%
2031	4.50%	8.50%	8.55%	4.50%
2032	4.50%	6.25%	6.27%	4.50%
2033 and Later	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%

Health Care Trend Assumptions - The health care trend assumptions used is as follows:

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The net OPEB liability, calculated using a discount rate of 3.54%, as well as using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate used, is as follows:

	1% Decrease <u>(2.54%)</u>	D	Current liscount Rate <u>(3.54%)</u>	1% Increase <u>(4.54%)</u>
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1,761,798.00	\$	1,519,838.00	\$ 1,325,158.00

Actuarial Assumptions (Cont'd)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The net OPEB liability, using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate used, is as follows:

	1% <u>Decrease</u>	Healthcare Cost <u>Trend Rate</u>			1% Increase
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1,289,324.00	\$	1,519,838.00	\$	1,815,061.00

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB (benefit) expense, information about the respective fiduciary net position of the State Health Benefits Local Government Retired Employees Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's respective fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. Accordingly, contributions (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 9: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fire District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

<u>New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance</u> - The Fire District has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Contribution Method". Under this plan, a contribution rate is established annually for the Fire District's share of unemployment tax. This rate is based on costs experience for governmental employees.

<u>Joint Insurance Fund</u> - The Fire District is a member of the FIRST Responders Joint Insurance Fund. The Fund provides its members and the Fire District with the following coverage:

> Commercial General Liability Insurance Law Enforcement Professional Liability Insurance Business Automobile Liability Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability Policy Crime Coverage Including Public Employee Dishonesty Environmental Liability Management Liability

Under the Municipal Excess Liability Joint Insurance Fund, the Fire District has the following coverage:

Excess Crime Excess General Liability Excess Workers' Compensation

Contributions to the Fund, including a reserve for contingencies, are payable in two installments and are based on actuarial assumptions determined by the Fund's actuary. The Commissioner of Banking and Insurance may order additional assessments to supplement the Fund's claim, loss retention, or administrative accounts to assure the payment of the Fund's obligations.

Note 9: RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

Joint Insurance Fund (Cont'd) - The Fire District's agreement with the Pool provides that the Pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through the Municipal Excess Liability Joint Insurance Fund, which is an insurance pool formed by all the other joint insurance funds.

For more information regarding claims, coverages and deductibles, the Fund publishes its own financial report which can be obtained from:

FIRST Responder Joint Insurance Fund c/o Public Entity Group Administrative Services 51 Everett Drive, Suite B40 Municipal Excess Liability Joint Insurance Fund 9 Campus Drive, Suite 216 Parsippany, New Jersey 07054-4412

Note 10: DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The Fire District offers its employees a Deferred Compensation Plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457 which has been approved by the Director of the Division of Local Government Services. The Plan, available to all full time employees at their option, permits employees to defer a portion of their salary to future years. The deferred compensation is not available to participants until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Amounts deferred under Section 457 plans must be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participating employees and not be accessible by the Fire District or its creditors. Since the Fire District does not have a fiduciary relationship with the Plan, the balances and activities of the Plan are not reported in the Fire District's financial statements.

Note 11: COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Fire District accounts for compensated absences (e.g., unused vacation, sick leave) as directed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16 (GASB 16), "Accounting for Compensated Absences". A liability for compensated absences attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

<u>Union Employees</u> - Union employees are entitled to 120 paid sick leave hours each year. Sick leave days may be accumulated and carried forward to the following year. Employees are entitled to 24 hours personal leave per calendar year. Personal days not used during the year are carried forward to the following year and reclassified as sick leave. Each employee is entitled to vacation leave based on the number of years of continuous service. Up to 80 hours of unused vacation time may be carried forward to the following year. The vacation time carried forward must be used in the following year or it will be forfeited. Employees are entitled to 112 hours of floating holidays during the year which must be used during the year or sold back.

The Fire District compensates employees or their estate if the employee retires with 25 years of service, leaves as a result of a disability pension or upon the employee's death. This compensation includes all accumulated sick leave, holidays, vacation and other compensatory time in accordance with the employment agreement at the current rate of pay. If an employee leaves for any other reason, they are compensated for all accumulated time except for sick leave.

<u>Non-Union Employees</u> - The Fire District has no full-time non-union employees. Part-time employees are not entitled to compensated time.

The liability for vested compensated absences is recorded within those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. As of December 31, 2022, the liability for compensated absences reported on the government-wide statement of net position was \$149,981.60.

Note 12: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

At December 31, 2022, the Fire District did not have any interfund receivables, payables, or transfers.

Note 13: CONTINGENCIES

<u>Grantor Agencies</u> - Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies could be subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Fire District expects such amount, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 14: CONCENTRATIONS

A significant source of revenue for the Fire District comes from its ability to levy property taxes (see note 1 for detail on property taxes). The ability to levy property taxes, and the limits to which property taxes can be levied, are promulgated by State statute. As a result of this dependency, the Fire District's operations are significantly reliant and impacted by State laws and regulations regarding property taxes.

Note 15: FUND BALANCES APPROPRIATED - GENERAL FUND

The 2023 annual budget of the Fire District was adopted on January 24, 2023, and subsequently approved by the voters at the annual election held on February 18, 2023. The adopted budget utilized \$211,416.00 of fund balance in the general fund.

The following presents the total fund balance of the general fund as of the end of the last five years and the amount utilized in the subsequent year's budget:

<u>Year</u>	tilization in ubsequent <u>Budget</u>	
2022	\$ 1,174,490.83	\$ 211,416.00
2021	1,149,996.74	143,025.00
2020	1,099,832.54	146,954.00
2019	1,120,789.42	131,049.00
2018	1,039,168.84	103,111.00

Note 16: FUND BALANCES

RESTRICTED

As stated in note 1, the restricted fund balance classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes. Such restrictions, or constraints, are placed on the use of resources by either of the following: (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Specific restrictions of the Fire District's fund balance are summarized as follows:

General Fund -

Capital Projects (Future Capital Outlays) - These funds are restricted for future capital expenditures to be made in future years. When the Fire District desires to utilize these funds in their annual budget, a capital resolution must be passed by the Board of Fire Commissioners prior to any expenditure against a capital appropriation. As of December 31, 2022, the balance is \$93,000.00.

ASSIGNED

As stated in note 1, the assigned fund balance classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Fire District's *intent* to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Specific assignments of the Fire District's fund balance are summarized as follows:

General Fund

For Subsequent Year's Expenditures - The Fire District has appropriated and included as an anticipated revenue for the year ending December 31, 2023, \$211,416.00 of general fund balance at December 31, 2022.

UNASSIGNED

As stated in note 1, the unassigned fund balance classification represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. The Fire District's unassigned fund balance is summarized as follows:

General Fund - As of December 31, 2022, \$870,074.83 of general fund balance was unassigned.

Note 17: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

COVID-19 - The management of the Fire District has evaluated its financial statements for subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were issued. As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus in New Jersey, economic uncertainties have arisen which could negatively impact the financial position of the Fire District. While the impact that COVID-19 will have is currently expected to be temporary, as of the date of the financial statements, the related financial impact and duration cannot be reasonably estimated.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART II

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

Required Supplementary Information - Part II General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

REVENUES:	Original <u>Budget</u>	Budget Modifications / <u>Transfers</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative) <u>Final to Actual</u>
Miscellaneous Anticipated Revenues: Interest on Investments and Deposits Other Revenues	\$		\$	\$	\$
Total Miscellaneous Anticipated Revenues	18,300.00		18,300.00	15,681.12	(2,618.88)
Miscellaneous Revenues Offset with Appropriations Uniform Fire Safety Act (P.L. 1983, Ch. 383): Annual Registration Fees Other Revenues	8,000.00 8,500.00		8,000.00 8,500.00	8,111.00 10,582.00	111.00
Total Miscellaneous Revenues Offset with Appropriations	16,500.00		16,500.00	18,693.00	2,193.00
Amount to be Raised by Taxation to Support the District Budget	1,609,606.60	\$ (98.60)	1,609,508.00	1,609,507.89	(0.11)
Total Anticipated Revenues	1,644,406.60	(98.60)	1,644,308.00	1,643,882.01	(425.99)
Non-Budgetary Revenues: Miscellaneous				18,468.91	18,468.91
Total Non-Budgetary Revenues				18,468.91	18,468.91
Total Revenues	1,644,406.60	(98.60)	1,644,308.00	1,662,350.92	18,042.92

(Continued)

Required Supplementary Information - Part II General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Original I <u>Budget</u>		Budget Modifications / Transfers		Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Positive (Negative) <u>Final to Actual</u>	
EXPENDITURES:									
Operating Appropriations:									
Administration:									
Salary and Wages:									
Commissioners	\$	51,380.00	\$	15,000.00	\$	66,380.00	\$ 61,014.04	\$	5,365.96
Administrator		10,000.00		(500.00)		9,500.00			9,500.00
Clerk		14,000.00				14,000.00	9,767.12		4,232.88
Fringe Benefits		62,250.76		(24,048.76)		38,202.00	36,119.98		2,082.02
Other Expenses:									
Election		3,700.00		500.00		4,200.00	4,028.68		171.32
Insurance		50,000.00		9,000.00		59,000.00	58,798.84		201.16
Memberships / Dues		2,000.00				2,000.00	585.00		1,415.00
Office Expenses		15,000.00		500.00		15,500.00	15,317.15		182.85
Professional Services		31,600.00		(3,000.00)		28,600.00	27,290.00		1,310.00
Travel Expenses		1,000.00		(500.00)		500.00			500.00
Reimbursements- Clothing Allowance		5,000.00		3,000.00		8,000.00	 8,000.00		
Total Administration		245,930.76		(48.76)		245,882.00	 220,920.81		24,961.19
Cost of Operations and Maintenance:									
Salary and Wages:									
Mechanic		20,000.00		(20,000.00)					
Fire Official (Funded by Taxation)		100,609.00		9,000.00		109,609.00	108,617.60		991.40
Firefighter		90,000.00		(57,000.00)		33,000.00	27,797.76		5,202.24
Firefighter		90,000.00		(87,500.00)		2,500.00			2,500.00
Firefighter		99,574.00		8,000.00		107,574.00	106,678.00		896.00
Firefighter		100,460.00		5,000.00		105,460.00	104,956.61		503.39
Firefighter		48,250.00		4,000.00		52,250.00	51,782.40		467.60
Firefighter		45,000.00				45,000.00	14,301.85		30,698.15
Alternates/Subs/Operations Overtime		55,500.00		26,000.00		81,500.00	80,603.23		896.77
Fringe Benefits		437,507.84		20,049.16		457,557.00	444,146.90		13,410.10
Other Expenses:		-							-
Supplemental Fire Services Grant		2,000.00				2,000.00			2,000.00
Advertising		1,000.00				1,000.00	335.88		664.12
Maintenance and Repair - Buildings and Grounds		40,000.00				40,000.00	38,453.96		1,546.04
Fire Company Rental		10,000.00		5,000.00		15,000.00	15,000.00		-
									(Continued)

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Required Supplementary Information - Part II General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

EXPENDITURES (CONT'D):		Original <u>Budget</u>		Budget odifications / <u>Transfers</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual	Posit	Variance ive (Negative) <u>ial to Actual</u>
Operating Appropriations (Cont'd): Cost of Operations and Maintenance (Cont'd):										
Other Expenses (Cont'd):										
Other Rental Charges	\$	150.000.00	\$	35,000.00	\$	185.000.00	\$	184.770.60	\$	229.40
Training / Education	Ψ	20.000.00	Ψ	00,000.00	Ψ	20.000.00	Ψ	14.173.04	Ψ	5,826.96
Uniforms		17.000.00				17,000.00		12.666.25		4,333.75
Utilities		38.000.00		3,500.00		41,500.00		41.430.36		69.64
Maintenance and Repair - Vehicles		45,000.00		25,000.00		70,000.00		69,655.99		344.01
Maintenance and Repair - Fire Equipment		8,000.00		20,000.00		28,000.00		26,284.88		1,715.12
Maintenance and Repair - Firefighting Gear		4,000.00		9,000.00		13,000.00		12,778.00		222.00
Computer and Related Computer Equipment		14,500.00				14,500.00		2,516.25		11,983.75
Fire Equipment		48,000.00				48,000.00		33,558.16		14,441.84
Radios		10,000.00				10,000.00		4,706.75		5,293.25
Firefighters' Gear		16,000.00				16,000.00		1,055.00		14,945.00
FSA Suppression		1,000.00				1,000.00				1,000.00
Other Assets, Non Bondable		11,500.00		(7,299.00)		4,201.00				4,201.00
Total Cost of Operations and Maintenance		1,522,900.84		(2,249.84)		1,520,651.00		1,396,269.47		124,381.53
Operating Appropriations Offset with Revenues:										
Salary and Wages										
Clerk		11,300.00		1,500.00		12,800.00		12,725.85		74.15
Other Expenses:										
Fire Prevention		6,000.00		2,000.00		8,000.00		7,940.70		59.30
Uniforms		1,300.00		(1,300.00)						
Total Operating Appropriations Offset with Revenues		18,600.00		2,200.00		20,800.00		20,666.55		133.45

(Continued)

Required Supplementary Information - Part II General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Modif	udget fications / ansfers	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance itive (Negative) <u>nal to Actual</u>
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,787,431.60	\$	(98.60)	\$ 1,787,333.00	\$ 1,637,856.83	\$ 149,476.17
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (143,025.00)	\$	-	\$ (143,025.00)	24,494.09	\$ 167,519.09
Fund Balance, January 1					 1,149,996.74	
Fund Balance, December 31					\$ 1,174,490.83	
Recapitulation: Restricted: For Future Capital Outlay Assigned: Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures Unassigned					\$ 93,000.00 211,416.00 870,074.83	
ŭ					\$ 1,174,490.83	

Required Supplementary Information - Part II Budgetary Comparison Schedule Note to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures.

Sources / Inflows of Resources:	General <u>Fund</u>	Special Revenue <u>Fund</u>
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "revenue" from the budgetary comparison schedule.	\$ 1,662,350.92	
Grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that encumbrances are recognized as expenditures, and the related revenue is recognized.		
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds. (B-2)	\$ 1,662,350.92	<u>\$ -</u>
Uses / Outflows of Resources:		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total expenditures" from the budgetary comparison schedule.	\$ 1,637,856.83	
Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received is reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are received for financial reporting purposes.		
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds (B-2)	\$ 1,637,856.83	\$

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART III

SCHEDULES RELATED TO ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING FOR PENSIONS

Required Supplementary Information - Part III Schedule of the Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) Last Ten Plan Years

	Measurement Date Ended June 30,									
		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Fire District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	().0017269763%		0.0017119565%	(0.0015018060%		0.0015011739%	(0.0014952594%
Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	260,624.00	\$	202,807.00	\$	244,905.00	\$	270,489.00	\$	294,409.00
Fire District's Covered Payroll (Plan Measurement Period)	\$	127,280.00	\$	125,460.00	\$	108,672.00	\$	106,676.00	\$	105,000.00
Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		2.047642992		161.65%		225.36%		253.56%		280.39%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		62.91%		70.33%		58.32%		56.27%		53.60%
				Measure	men	t Date Ended Ju	1e 30),		
		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>			<u>2013</u>
Fire District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	(0.0014682750%		0.0015135318%		0.0346736000%		0.0337948700%	(0.0396029300%
Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	341,791.00	\$	448,365.00	\$	77,835.00	\$	63,273.00	\$	75,689.00
Fire District's Covered Payroll (Plan Measurement Period)	\$	101,724.00	\$	104,124.00	\$	23,916.00	\$	23,364.00	\$	27,316.00
Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		336.00%		430.61%		325.45%		270.81%		277.09%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		48.10%		40.14%		47.93%		52.08%		48.72%

Required Supplementary Information - Part III Schedule of the Fire District's Contributions Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) *Last Ten Years*

	Year Ended December 31,									
		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Fire District's Contractually Required Contribution	\$	21,778.00	\$	20,049.00	\$	16,429.00	\$	14,602.00	\$	14,873.00
Fire District's Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(21,778.00)		(20,049.00)		(16,429.00)		(14,602.00)		(14,873.00)
Fire District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	
Fire District's Covered Payroll	\$	144,443.00	\$	127,280.00	\$	125,460.00	\$	111,172.00	\$	106,676.00
Fire District's Contributions as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		15.08%		15.75%		13.10%		13.13%		13.94%
				<u>Year l</u>	Ende	d December 3	<u>81,</u>			
		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>
Fire District's Contractually Required Contribution	\$	13,602.00	\$	13,446.00	\$	2,981.00	\$	2,786.00	\$	2,984.00
Fire District's Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(13,602.00)		(13,446.00)		(2,981.00)		(2,786.00)		(2,984.00)
Fire District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$		\$	
Fire District's Covered Payroll	\$	105,000.00	\$	102,543.00	\$	82,122.00	\$	23,576.00	\$	24,528.00
Fire District's Contributions as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		12.95%		13.11%		3.63%		11.82%		12.17%

Required Supplementary Information - Part III Schedule of the Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) Last Ten Plan Years

	Measurement Date Ended June 30,									
		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Fire District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.0120479500%		0.0119252901%		0.0117922876%	0	.0105965624%	0	.0106002437%
Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	1,379,051.00	\$	871,638.00	\$	1,523,719.00	\$	1,296,788.00	\$	1,434,388.00
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability		245,431.00		245,148.00		236,747.00		204,765.00		194,838.00
Total	\$	1,624,482.00	\$	1,116,786.00	\$	1,760,466.00	\$	1,501,553.00	\$	1,629,226.00
Fire District's Covered Payroll (Plan Measurement Period)	\$	429,336.00	\$	418,044.00	\$	406,892.00	\$	359,152.00	\$	323,108.00
Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		321.21%		208.50%		374.48%		361.07%		443.93%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		68.33%		77.26%		63.52%		65.00%		62.48%
			Measurement Date Ended June 30,							
		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>
Fire District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.0105915305%		0.0105190396%		0.0126483230%	0	.0124395063%	0	.0111745495%
Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	1,635,128.00	\$	2,009,406.00	\$	2,106,770.00	\$	1,564,775.00	\$	1,485,555.00
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability		183,148.00		168,741.00		184,757.00		168,500.00		138,472.00
Total	\$	1,818,276.00	\$	2,178,147.00	\$	2,291,527.00	\$	1,733,275.00	\$	1,624,027.00
Fire District's Covered Payroll (Plan Measurement Period)	\$	342,844.00	\$	336,216.00	\$	400,548.00	\$	392,896.00	\$	350,696.00
Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		476.93%		597.65%		525.97%		398.27%		423.60%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		58.60%		52.01%		56.31%		62.41%		58.70%

Required Supplementary Information - Part III Schedule of the Fire District's Contributions Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) *Last Ten Years*

	Year Ended December 31,									
		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Fire District's Contractually Required Contribution	\$	156,690.00	\$	138,985.00	\$	131,740.00	\$	107,037.00	\$	103,633.00
Fire District's Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(156,690.00)		(138,985.00)		(131,740.00)		(107,037.00)		(103,633.00)
Fire District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	
Fire District's Covered Payroll (Calendar Year)	\$	262,031.00	\$	429,336.00	\$	418,044.00	\$	400,725.00	\$	359,209.00
Fire District's Contributions as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		59.80%		32.37%		31.51%		26.71%		28.85%
				<u>Year l</u>	Ende	ed December 3	<u>31,</u>			
		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>
Fire District's Contractually Required Contribution	\$	93,737.00	\$	85,766.00	\$	102,812.00	\$	95,544.00	\$	81,527.00
Fire District's Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(93,737.00)		(85,766.00)		(102,812.00)		(95,544.00)		(81,527.00)
Fire District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Fire District's Covered Payroll (Calendar Year)	\$	323,116.00	\$	300,942.00	\$	336,216.00	\$	400,548.00	\$	392,896.00
Fire District's Contributions as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		29.01%		28.50%		30.58%		23.85%		20.75%

Required Supplementary Information - Part III Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Part III For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Changes in Benefit Terms:

The June 30, 2022 measurement date included three changes to the plan provisions, only one of which had an impact on the Total Pension Liability (TPL). Chapter 226, P.L. 2021 reopened the Prosecutors Part of PERS and made membership in the Prosecutors Part of PERS mandatory for all prosecutors.

Changes in Assumptions:

The discount rate and long-term expected rate of return used as of June 30 measurement date are as follows:

	Discount	t Rate		Long-term Expected Rate of Return							
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Year	<u>Rate</u>	Year	Rate	Year	Rate				
2022	7.00%	2017	5.00%	2022	7.00%	2017	7.00%				
2021	7.00%	2016	3.98%	2021	7.00%	2016	7.65%				
2020	7.00%	2015	4.90%	2020	7.00%	2015	7.90%				
2019	6.28%	2014	5.39%	2019	7.00%	2014	7.90%				
2018	5.66%			2018	7.00%						

The underlying demographic and economic assumptions were updated as a result of the Experience Study covering the period of July 1, 2018 - June 30, 2021.

Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS)

Changes in Benefit Terms:

None

Changes in Assumptions:

The discount rate and long-term expected rate of return used as of June 30 measurement date are as follows:

	Discount	Rate		Long-te	erm Expecte	ed Rate of I	Return
Year	Rate	Year	<u>Rate</u>	Year	Rate	<u>Year</u>	Rate
2022	7.00%	2017	6.14%	2022	7.00%	2017	7.00%
2021	7.00%	2016	5.55%	2021	7.00%	2016	7.65%
2020	7.00%	2015	5.79%	2020	7.00%	2015	7.90%
2019	6.85%	2014	6.32%	2019	7.00%	2014	7.90%
2018	6.51%			2018	7.00%		

The underlying demographic and economic assumptions were updated as a result of the Experience Study covering the period of July 1, 2018 - June 30, 2021.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART IV

SCHEDULES RELATED TO OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

TOWNSHIP OF GLOUCESTER FIRE DISTRICT NO. 5 Required Supplementary Information - Part IV Schedule of the Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Last Six Plan Years

	_	Measurement Date Ended June 30,										
		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021 (a)</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>
Fire District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability		0.009411%		0.008574%		0.008637%		0.008048%		0.007725%		0.007625%
Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,519,838.00	\$	1,543,301.00	\$	1,550,049.00	\$	1,090,188.00	\$	1,210,246.00	\$	1,556,704.00
Fire District's Covered Payroll (Plan Measurement Period)	\$	472,643.00	\$	550,060.00	\$	532,034.00	\$	484,874.00	\$	460,968.00	\$	380,975.00
Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		321.56%		280.57%		291.34%		224.84%		262.54%		408.61%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		-0.36%		0.28%		0.91%		1.98%		1.97%		1.03%

(a) The Proportionate Share of the June 30, 2021 Net OPEB Liability was adjusted within the June 30, 2022 Plan Audit.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this presentation will only include information for those years for which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information - Part IV Schedule of the Fire District's OPEB Contributions Last Six Years

	Year Ended December 31,											
		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>
Fire District's Required Contributions	\$	127,094.40	\$	55,778.92	\$	36,931.44	\$	36,672.96	\$	55,566.36	\$	56,893.80
Fire District's Contributions in Relation to the Required Contribution		(127,094.40)		(55,778.92)		(36,931.44)		(36,672.96)		(55,566.36)		(56,893.80)
Fire District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	
Fire District's Covered Payroll (Calendar Year)	\$	406,474.00	\$	556,616.00	\$	543,504.00	\$	511,897.00	\$	465,885.00	\$	428,116.00
Fire District's Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		31.27%		10.02%		6.80%		7.16%		11.93%		13.29%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this presentation will only include information for those years for which information

is available.

Required Supplementary Information - Part IV Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Part IV Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

State Health Benefits Local Government Retired Employees Plan

Changes in Benefit Terms:

The actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022, included changes due to employers adopting and /or changing Chapter 48 provisions.

Changes in Assumptions:

The discount rate used as of the June 30 measurement date is as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Rate	Year	<u>Rate</u>
2022	3.54%	2019	3.50%
2021	2.16%	2018	3.87%
2020	2.21%	2017	3.58%

The expected investment rate of return is based on guidance provided by the State. These expected rates of return are the same as the discount rates listed above.

In addition to changes in the discount rate, other factors that affected the valuation of the net OPEB liability included changes in the trend and updated experience study.

There were no changes to mortality projections.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LONG-TERM DEBT

TOWNSHIP OF GLOUCESTER FIRE DISTRICT NO. 5 Schedule of Serial Bonds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

lssue	Date of <u>Issue</u>	Amount of <u>Issue</u>	<u>Annua</u> Date	<u>l Maturities</u> <u>Amount</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Balance Jan. 1, 2022	Issued	Retired	Balance <u>Dec. 31, 2022</u>
General Serial Bonds 2007	04/26/07	\$ 1,200,000.00	-	-	4.60%	\$ 100,000.00	\$-	\$ 100,000.00	\$

Schedule of Obligations Under Financed Purchases For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Issue	Date of <u>Lease</u>	Term of <u>Lease</u>	<u>Amount o</u> <u>Principal</u>	f Origi	<u>nal Issue</u> Interest	Interest <u>Rate</u>	<u>_</u>	Balance Jan. 1, 2022	lssued	<u>Retired</u>	D	Balance ec. 31, 2022
2016 Pierce Ascendant 107' Ladder	01/15/16	10 Years	\$ 505,085.00	\$	102,237.10	3.50%	\$	274,286.97	\$ -	\$ 51,219.00	\$	223,067.97

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Budget Modifications / <u>Transfers</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Positive (Negative) <u>Final to Actual</u>
REVENUES:					
Amount of be Raised by Taxation to Support the District Budget	\$ 162,933.00	\$ 99.00	\$ 163,032.00	\$ 163,032.11	\$ 0.11
EXPENDITURES:					
Principal Payments: General Obligation Bonds Financed Purchases	100,000.00 51,219.00		100,000.00 51,219.00	100,000.00 51,219.00	
Interest Payments: General Obligation Bonds Financed Purchases	2,300.00 9,414.00	99.00	2,300.00 9,513.00	2,300.00 9,513.11	(0.11)
Total Expenditures	162,933.00	99.00	163,032.00	163,032.11	(0.11)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures					
Fund Balance, January 1					
Fund Balance, December 31				\$	

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Schedule of Findings and Recommendations For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Schedule of Financial Statement Findings

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, fraud, noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements related to financial statements for which *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, requires.

Finding No. 2022-001

Criteria or Specific Requirement

N.J.S.A. 40A:5-17 and proper internal control requires that the governing body shall approve or disapprove all claims.

Condition

The Fire District made electronic payments that were not properly approved by the governing body.

Context

Our audit testing of compliance and internal controls over expenditures noted that electronic payments were not being approved via the normal voucher payment approval process. These payments were also not included on the monthly bill lists approved by the governing body.

Effect or Potential Effect

Noncompliance with N.J.S.A. 40A:5-17.

<u>Cause</u>

Improvements are needed to the internal controls over the approval of electronic payments.

Recommendation

That the Board of Fire Commissioners review and approve all claims made by electronic payments in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40A:5-17.

View of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action

The responsible officials agree with the finding and will address the matter as part of their corrective action plan.

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings and Recommendations as Prepared by Management

This section identifies the status of prior year findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None.

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APPRECIATION

We express our appreciation for the assistance and courtesies rendered by the Fire District officials during the course of the audit.

Respectfully submitted,

Bouman : Compony LLP

BOWMAN & COMPANY LLP Certified Public Accountants & Consultants